### Multiannual Financial Framework 2014-2020: Heading IV - External relations

"The EU as a global player"

# Guiding political objectives of MFF external action package

#### The EU is able to speak with one voice to:

- Promote shared values (Democracy, Human Rights, Rule of law)
- Eradicate poverty and achieve the MDGs
- Enhance external projection of internal policies and promote EU interests worldwide
- Invest in EU's Neighbourhood and underpin our commitment to Enlargement
- Improving crisis prevention and Strengthening international security
- Demonstrate solidarity with people facing man-made or natural disasters
- > Promote stronger multilateral co-operation

### The proposed instruments

**European Instrument for Democracy & Human Rights** 

**Instrument for Stability** 

**Instrument for Nuclear Safety Cooperation** 

Development Cooperation Instrument

Thematic Programs Global Public Goods

Non-State Actors & Local Authorities

Pan-African Programme

European Neighbourhood Instrument Pre-Accession Instrument Partnership Instrument

Greenland Instrument **EDF** (outside budget)

**Common Implementing Regulation** 

(except Greenland and EDF)

# Budget for the Heading IV Instruments / Envelopes in current prices

> Pre-accession instrument	14,110 M€
> European Neighbourhood Instrument	18,182 M€
> Development Cooperation Instrument	23,295 M€
> Partnership Instrument	1,131 M€
> Instrument for Stability	2,829 M€
> European Instrument for Democracy & Human Rights	1,578 M€
> Instrument for Nuclear Safety Cooperation	631 M€
> Instrument for Greenland	219 M€
> European Development Fund (outside Budget)	34,276 M€

# Common Implementing Regulation for all instruments (except EDF and Greenland)

- New harmonised, simplified & flexible decision-making procedures common to 4 geographic instruments (DCI, ENI, IPA, and PI) and 3 thematic instruments (IfS, EIDHR, INSC)
- Implementing measures to be adopted faster, thus accelerating the delivery of EU assistance
- Provisions on implementation significantly simplified (consistency with the review of the Financial Regulation)
- Use of innovative financial tools (e.g. blending)

### **Development Cooperation Instrument – DCI**

- Geographic programmes: bilateral & regional cooperation with developing countries outside ENI, IPA & EDF- differentiated approach
- Thematic programmes:
  - ⇒Global public goods and challenges: climate change & environment, energy, human development, food security, migration
  - ⇒Civil society organisations & local authorities: to empower these actors to take part in development strategies & processes
- > Pan-African programme: for Africa-EU Strategic Partnership
- > Greater sectoral concentration at country level
- Improved EU coordination through joint EU & Member States framework document & enhanced possibilities for joint programming

### 11th EDF Internal Agreement

- Cooperation with ACPs & OCTs
- Outside the Budget
- > But further alignment of MS contribution keys with budget keys
- > In parallel, proposal for a Council decision on the New financial protocol of the Cotonou Agreement
- > Implementing regulation in 2012

### Instrument for Nuclear Safety Cooperation - INSC

- Geographical coverage: all third countries, but priority for preaccession and neighbouring countries
- Objectives
  - ⇒Promote nuclear safety culture and implement high nuclear safety standards & radiation protection
  - ⇒Safe management of spent fuel and radioactive waste, decommissioning and remediation of former nuclear sites
  - ⇒Frameworks and methodologies for **effective safeguards for** nuclear material in third countries

#### **EU-Greenland Partnership**

- > The proposal of a revised partnership recognises:
  - ⇒The emerging international awareness towards
    Greenland
  - ⇒The **geostrategic importance** of Greenland
- > The Partnership allows for:
  - ⇒Moving Greenland towards a diversified economy
  - ⇒Increased focus on **policy dialogue** in areas of increased **global importance** (e.g. Arctic issues)

# European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights - EIDHR

- Scope fully preserved
  - absence of third country consent;
  - > complementarity to other instruments
- > And updated with developments since 2007
  - support to democracy;
  - economic & social rights; freedom of thought
- > EU Election Observation Missions remain a key component
- > Stronger strategic focus on most difficult countries

### Instrument for Stability – IfS

#### Specific objectives:

- ⇒Provide **swift crisis-response** in political conflicts and natural disaster situations
- ⇒Enhance EU crisis-preparedness, conflict-prevention and peace-building capacity
- ⇒Build capacity to address global and trans-regional security threats
- > Increase flexibility for programming and implementation

# A new instrument Partnership Instrument

- Context: acceleration of globalisation, transformation of world economy, emerging new powers
- Strategic objective: Project EU policies to support EU interests abroad and address major global challenges
- Specific Objectives:
  - ⇒Implementing the international dimension of the "Europe 2020" Strategy
  - ⇒Improving market access & developing trade & business opportunities for EU companies through economic partnerships and business and regulatory cooperation
  - ⇒Increasing the leverage and visibility of the Union and its role on the world scene

#### **European Neighbourhood Instrument (ENI)**

- > Increased financial amount of 18.2 M€
- Application of the "more for more" principle, allowing for differentiation for financial allocations and for the programming process
- > Addressing the complexity and length of the programming
- Streamlining the scope of the Instrument, focus on the policy objectives and key areas of cooperation

#### Instrument for Pre-Accession – IPA II:

- ➤ The need for pre-accession assistance remains, the current instrument is quite successful ⇒ allow for continuity with fine-tuning
- Help the countries meet the Copenhagen criteria and contribute to the objectives of the EU2020 Strategy through:
  - ⇒Support for **political reforms**
  - ⇒Support for economic, social and territorial development and reforms, with a view to a sustainable, smart and inclusive growth
  - ⇒Strengthening of the ability of beneficiary countries to fulfil the **obligations** stemming from membership
  - ⇒ Regional integration and territorial cooperation involving beneficiary countries and Member States